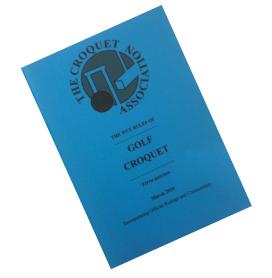


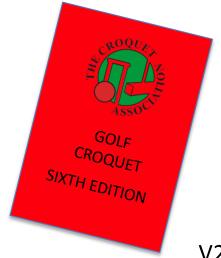
6th Edition GC Rules

Briefing Part I

Key Changes







V2.7

Purpose



This module identifies the key changes between 5th and 6th Edition of GC Rules



A further module covers more detailed changes less likely to impact on a referee's on court decision

Disclaimer



This briefing is not a substitute for the GC Rules 6th Edition – which remains the only authoritative statement of the GC Rules

Rationale for 6th Edition



- a. Improve use of English
- b. Expand the Glossary
- c. Reorder some rules
- d. 'Signposts' to double-banking, time limited games, handicap play
- 2. Further align with new AC Laws 7th Edition
- 3. Make rule changes:
 - a. Add rule re Advantage play
 - b. Allow choice of colours at the Start
 - c. Simplify the Wrong Ball rule
 - d. Add rule for time-limited games
- 4. Assist players with poor hearing
- 5. Make other minor amendments
- 6. Extend guidance to referees

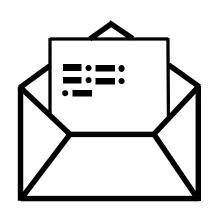


Contents



Part I - Key changes

 (i.e. those impacting
 on refereeing)

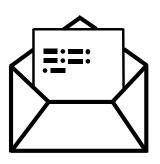


Part II - Other changes

Part I - Key Changes



- Glossary
- Start
- Wrong balls
- Time limits (New)
- Players with poor hearing
- Handicap play
- Advantage play (New)
- Fine tuning



Glossary change





- Annulled new concept to simplify rule drafting
- Meaning:
 - Treat as if a stroke has not been played (but time not restored!)

[6th Ed, Rule 6.3.6]

Annulment usage



- Wrong Ball playing when not entitled [6th Ed, Rule 10.3.3]
- Playing after play has been forestalled [6th Ed, Rule
 13]
- Available to a referee if Behaviour rule has been broken [6th Ed, Rule 16.4.4.(a)]
- Unentitled Extra Strokes [6th Ed, 20.5.3]
- Ignoring an Extra Stroke warning [6th Ed, 20.6.2]
- Unlawful Extra Strokes [6th Ed, 20.7.2]

Part I - Key Changes



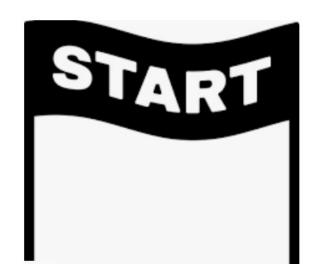
- Glossary
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The Start

[6th Ed, Rule 5]







Winner of toss
decides whether
to play first or
second

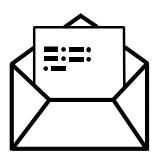
Aligns with AC Fairer in Doubles

[6th Ed, Rule 5.1]

Part I - Key Changes

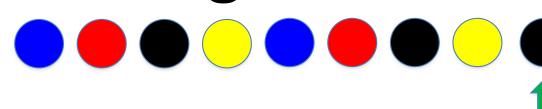


- Glossary
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Wrong Ball Rule





- Re-organised to improve logical flow to allow use as checklist
- Simplified wrong ball in first 4 strokes not treated any differently
- Changed 'Replace or Leave' to 'Annulled'
- Clarified:
 - Status of earlier points clarified [10.6]
 - Remedies for faults and wrong balls in same stroke [10.7]

[6th Ed, Rule 10]

Wrong Ball Checklist

NB. This is an update on the similar Wrong Ball Q Cards that some have been using

The new table now appears
as a Wrong Ball Checklist
at Appendix 4 to the GC Rules
on CA Website and
in the printed booklet

Wrong ball error		Rule	Remedy		
			Hoop Points	Action	Next Player
1	Exchange of colours (i.e. first four turns played in colour sequence, but by opponent(s) of ball owner(s))	10.1.2	Retain any scored	Switch ball ownership 10.1.2	Striker
2	Side played stroke when not entitled	10.3	Cancel any scored	Annul stroke 6.3.6	Next for non- offending side
3	Previous stroke played by side A with a side B ball, and last stroke played by side B with any ball	10.4	Cancel any from both strokes	Penalty Area Continuation 17.2	Winner of toss
4	Either player of correct side played one of its balls out of sequence	10.5.2	Retain any scored	Ball Swap 10.5.6	Non- offending side
			Cancel any scored	Replace and Replay 10.5.5	Striker
5	Either player of correct side played an opponent ball	10.5.3	Cancel any scored	Replace and Replay 10.5.5	Striker
6	Doubles partner of correct side played striker's ball	10.5.4	Cancel any scored	Replace and Replay 10.5.5	Striker

Wrong Ball Checklist

Simplify:

Wrong ball played in first 4 strokes now dealt with by normal rules

'Replace or Leave' changed to 'Annulled'

Wrong ball error		Rule	Remedy		
			Hoop Points	Action	Next Player
1	Exchange of colours (i.e. first four turns played in colour sequence, but by opponent(s) of ball owner(s))	10.1.2	Retain any scored	Switch ball ownership 10.1.2	Striker
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Who can Forestall Wrong Ball?

- Any player in the game
- Any active/inactive referee appointed to the tournament
- In England any appointed sequence umpires
- Excludes
 - Qualified referees not appointed
 - Players in double banked game
 - Team members watching
 - Spectators

Clarification

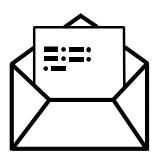


- 6th Ed defines how to deal with faults occurring with each type of Wrong Ball
- See 6th Ed, Rule 10.7

Part I - Key Changes



- Glossary
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New Rule re Time Limits

[6th Ed Rule 19]



- Generally reflects current practice (although when turn has ended has been refined)
- Equivalent to AC Laws
- Covers:
 - Procedure when time expires
 - Information requested by opposing side
 - Restoration or addition of time
 - Suspension of time
- NB. Organising body may vary/replace

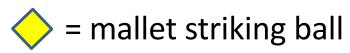
Procedure when time expires

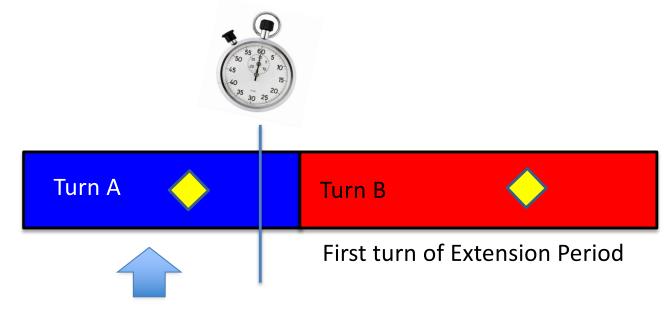


- Final turn definition
 - Resolving tied scores
 - Replayed strokes
 - Extra strokes

Timed game – Final Turn







Final Turn:

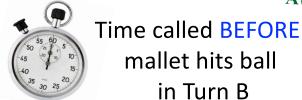
Turn that includes last stroke played before time expires

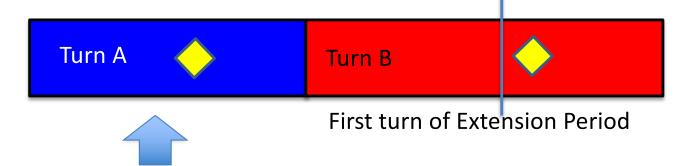
Time

Timed game – Final Turn







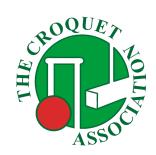


Final Turn:

Turn that includes last stroke played before time expires

Time

Procedure when time expires



- Final turn definition
- Resolving tied scores
 - Replayed strokes
 - Extra strokes

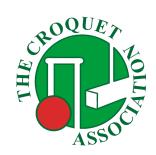
Resolving tied scores



- No extension period (i.e. ties accepted)
- Extension period (2 further turns for each ball)
- Other resolutions:
 - As previously notified, or if none
 - As agreed between players
- If ties are not allowed, after extension period, or other resolution, play allowed to continue until a hoop point is scored

[6th Ed, Rule 19]

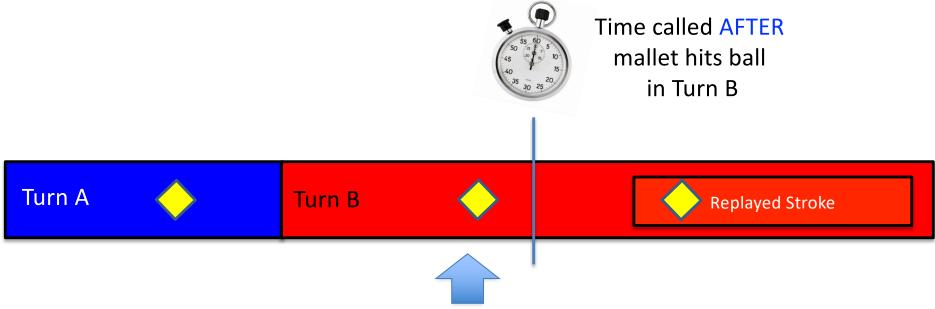
Procedure when time expires



- Final turn definition
- Resolving tied scores
- Replayed strokes
 - Extra strokes

Turns at end of timed game – Replayed Stroke





Final Turn:

NB. This includes any replayed stroke

Time —

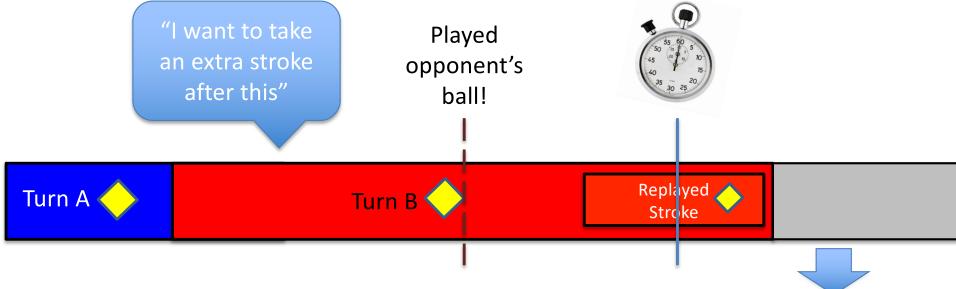
Procedure when time expires



- Final turn definition
- Resolving tied scores
- Replayed strokes
- Extra strokes

Turns at end of timed game – Extra Strokes

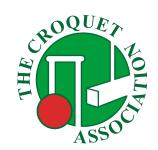




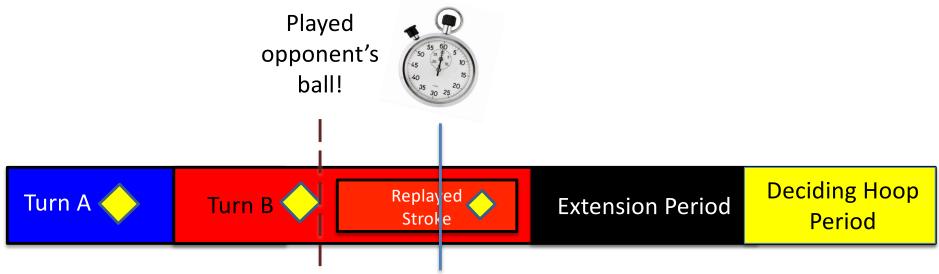
Even though announced before time is called, an Extra Stroke is not permitted after time has been called

Time ———

Turns at end of timed game – Extra Strokes



An Extension Period may be authorised to be played after time is called



No Extra strokes can be played in Extension Period

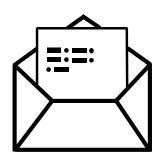
If scores are even at end of Extension Period, and a winner must be found, Extra Strokes can be played in the Deciding Hoop Period

> [6th Ed Rules 20.12.3] Copyright CA (GC Rules Committee)

Part I - Key Changes



- Glossary
- Start
- Wrong balls
- Time limits (New)
- Players with poor hearing
- Handicap play
- Advantage play (New)
- Fine tuning





Assisting players with poor hearing



When communicating re forestalling, giving direction re offside ball, announcing time, and extra strokes

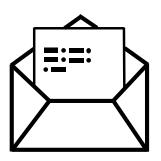
5th Ed "in a manner capable of communicating information to someone with normal hearing"

6th Ed "in a manner that could reasonably be expected to convey it to those to whom it is addressed"

Part I - Key Changes



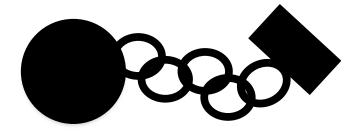
- Glossary
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Handicap play clarifications



- Rules now clarify:
 - When to give warning about playing an extra stroke
 - What happens when a warning is ignored
 - Treatment of Extra Strokes:
 - After a wrong ball
 - When unlawful
 - After a fault
 - At end of timed games

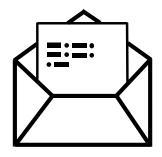


[6th Ed, Rule 20]

Part I - Key Changes



- Glossary
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Advantage Play



- New variant of Golf Croquet
- Enables players of different playing abilities to compete against each other with more equal chances of winning
- Achieves this by altering the starting scores for each player using table provided
- No extra strokes
- Tactics of the game are the same as for level Golf Croquet
- Separate briefing available





The TABLE

Note: There are further versions of the table for:

- First-to-4 and First-to-10 point games, as well as extended versions for:
- Handicaps greater than 14

Part I - Key Changes



- Glossary
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- Handicap play
- Advantage play (New)



Fine tuning





Fine tuning

Hoops contested / run out of order



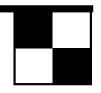
5th Ed

- No-one can intervene until hoop out of order run
- When discovered after hoop run, continue with Penalty Area Continuation

6th Ed

- Any player in game:
 - Can forestall when both players are contesting a hoop out of order
 - Scores adjusted as necessary
 - Play then continues in sequence
- Active/Inactive referee:
 - Can forestall when both players are contesting a hoop out of order
 - Play to continue with Penalty Area Continuation

[6th Ed Rule 7.9 & 15.4]



Offside balls



- Reworded to take advantage of 'offside direction' as defined in glossary
- While, generally, no change to normal practice, consider scenario:
 - Opponent accidentally kicks your stationary Blue ball, which was very close to halfway line
 - Blue replaced in a position agreed by both sides
 - Hoop in order is run by Red
 - Is Blue now offside?

Offside balls



- Answer No!
- New Rule [6th Ed, Rule 8.2.3] If a stationary ball is interfered with by the opposing side or an outside agency when there is reasonable doubt about its position relative to the halfway line for the next *hoop in order*, it is replaced under Rule 9.2.2(a) but will not be treated as an offside ball in relation to that hoop if a point is scored before it is next played.

Offside Exemptions Further Exception



[6th Ed Rule 8.3.2]

Offside exemptions do not apply to a ball whose owner has committed a fault in the last stroke in which that ball moved or was played

Outside Agency 1



Wording clarified:

a ball touching the boundary,

at any time*,

(e.g. after being Replaced)

is an outside agency

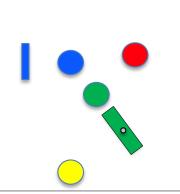
Outside Agency 2



*a ball ceases to be an outside agency at the start of the striking period of the stroke

Outside Agency Scenario 1

Blue played to block Red double-banked Green to be played, Blue marked and moved





Blue now an Outside Agency.
Unaware Red played and runs hoop!

This is not an Interference, Wrong Ball or Fault, so how do GC Rules address this?

Answer:



New Rule 6.5.5(b)

A ball that is an *outside agency* need not be correctly positioned before a stroke is played if both sides reasonably believe it would not be affected by the next stroke if it were in its lawful position.

- Remedy?
 - -Rule 15.5 ... "best meets the justice of the case"

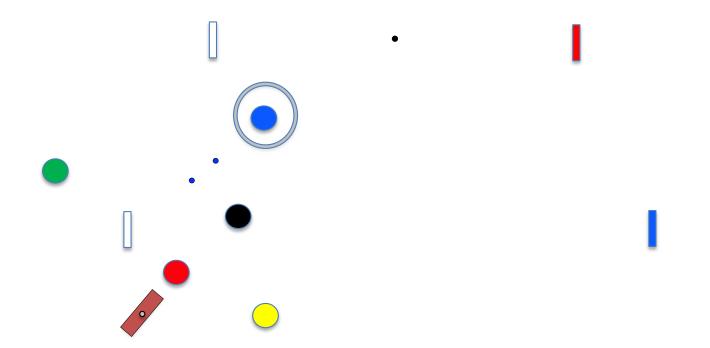
[6th Ed, Rule 6.5]

This clarifies 5th Ed OR 6.4.4

Copyright CA (GC Rules Committee)

Outside Agency Scenario 2

Blue has been marked and moved
Red played with Blue misplaced, Red hits Blue



Clarification [6th Ed, Rule 6.5.6]



- Outside Agency Scenario 3:
 - Blue ball, when marked and temporarily moved to avoid interference with a double-banked game, is hit accidentally (by another ball in own game)
 - Play forestalled as an Interference has occurred (as Blue is an Outside Agency at the time)
 - Opponent choses to leave balls where they lie (under Rule 9.2.3)
- When its turn comes round, should Blue ball then be played from where it is or from the marked position?



Clarification [6th Ed, Rule 6.5.6]

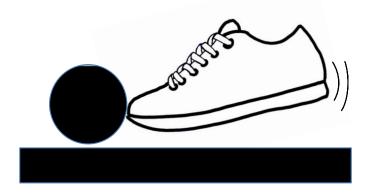
Answer:

-Rule 6.5.6 If a ball is an *outside* agency and is left on the court and is affected by subsequent play, it is to be replaced in its lawful position before it is next played.



Interferences

[6th Ed, Rule 9]



Incorrect Information (1)



- Incorrect information now treated as an Interference (to allow time to be restored, as per AC)
- Interference Scenario 2:
 - In 13 point, timed, handicapped game, score 5:5, Babs asked "Which is next hoop to play?"
 - Confused, Ray incorrectly replies "hoop 7"
 - Babs successfully runs hoop 7 and takes extra stroke up to hoop 8
 - Time is called
 - Babs realises next hoop was, in fact, hoop 11
 - What happens?

[6th Ed, Rule 9.6]

Incorrect Information (2)



Answer:

- Discovery must be before the same ball played again
- Babs' choice:
 - Replace and Replay
 - Balls replaced
 - Point for replayed hoop 5 cancelled
 - Extra stroke restored
 - Time restored under 6th Ed Rule 19.1.3
 - Babs plays again
 - Play continues
 - Point for replayed hoop 5 cancelled
 - Ray plays

[6th Ed, Rule 9.6]
Copyright CA (GC Rules Committee)

Interferences



- Interference Scenario 1:
 - Relief claimed for Blue which is being played to clear forcefully both Red and Yellow, which are both 5 yards from Blue
 - Can <u>both</u> Red and Yellow be moved the same amount as Blue?
- Answer:
 - Ed 5 only refers to one ball
 - Ed 6 includes "and any other ball that might be affected by the stroke" [Rule 9.4.3 (a)]

Impasses



- Impasses now defined to reflect current practice:
 - Impasse may be declared by:
 - Both sides may jointly declare
 - Referee called by striker
 - Referee in Charge
- Referees must give each side 2 further turns before declaring impasse
- Penalty Area Continuation to resolve declared impasses

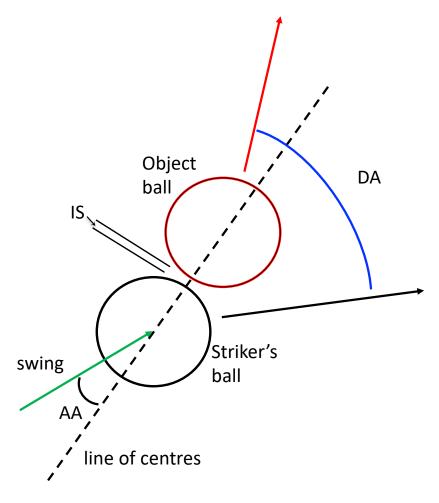
Ball played into another ball at an angle



- Guidance in Appendix 5
- Ed 5: Assessed as by judging angle of mallet swing
- Ed 6: Assessed using the departure angle of the two balls

Departure Angle (DA)





[6th Ed, App 5 4.2.2]

- AA = Aiming Angle
- IS = Initial Separation
- DA = DepartureAngle

"If the separation between the balls is at least 4mm, the angle at which the balls depart from each other should be at least 60 degrees and, if that does not occur, a fault should almost always be declared.

If the separation is less than 4mm, the angle at which the balls depart should be approaching 90 degrees to be sure of a lawful stroke"

Summary



- This briefing (Part I) covers the Key Changes being introduced by the 6th Edition of the GC Rules
- A further briefing (Part II) is available covering other detailed changes that have little effect on play



6th Edition GC Rules Briefing Part I Key Changes

The End